December 19, 2003

Ms. Cynthia Villarreal-Reyna Senior Associate Commissioner Legal and Compliance Division Texas Department of Insurance P.O. Box 149104 Austin, Texas 78714-9104

OR2003-9226

Dear Ms. Villarreal-Reyna:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 193344.

The Texas Department of Insurance (the "department") received a request for information relating to an insured party's complaint. You inform us that some of the requested information would be excepted from public disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the common-law right to privacy. You explain, however, that the requestor is an attorney for the insured party to whom the requested information pertains and therefore has a special right of access to his client's private information. Based on your representation, we agree that the department may not withhold

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 552.101 excepts from required public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." This exception encompasses the common-law right to privacy. See Industrial Found. v. Texas Ind. Accident Bd., 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976), cert. denied, 430 U.S. 931 (1977).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See Gov't Code § 552.023(a) (person or person's authorized representative has special right of access, beyond right of general public, to information held by governmental body that relates to person and is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect person's privacy interests); Open Records Decision No. 481 at 4 (1987) (privacy theories not implicated when individual requests information concerning himself).

any of the requested information from this particular requestor on privacy grounds.<sup>3</sup> You take no position as to whether any of the requested information must be withheld from disclosure on any other basis. You believe, however, that the requested information implicates the proprietary interests of a private party, United Healthcare Insurance Company ("United Healthcare"). You have notified United Healthcare of this request for information and of its right to submit arguments to this office as to why information relating to United Healthcare should not be released.<sup>4</sup> You also have submitted the requested information. We have considered your arguments and have reviewed the information you submitted.

An interested third party is allowed ten business days from the date of its receipt of the governmental body's notice under section 552.305 to submit its reasons, if any, as to why information relating to that party should not be released. See Gov't Code § 552.305(d)(2)(B). As of the date of this decision, this office has received no correspondence from United Healthcare. Thus, United Healthcare has not demonstrated that any of the submitted information is proprietary for purposes of section 552.110 of the Government Code. See Gov't Code § 552.110(a)-(b); Open Records Decision Nos. 552 at 5 (1990), 661 at 5-6 (1999).

We note, however, that some of the submitted information may be confidential under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code. Chapter 611 of the Health and Safety Code provides for the confidentiality of records created or maintained by a mental health professional. Section 611.002 provides in part:

- (a) Communications between a patient and a professional, and records of the identity, diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment of a patient that are created or maintained by a professional, are confidential.
- (b) Confidential communications or records may not be disclosed except as provided by Section 611.004 or 611.0045.

Health & Safety Code § 611.002(a)-(b). Section 611.001 defines a "professional" as (1) a person authorized to practice medicine, (2) a person licensed or certified by the state to diagnose, evaluate or treat mental or emotional conditions or disorders, or (3) a person the patient reasonably believes is authorized, licensed, or certified. Sections 611.004 and 611.0045 provide for access to mental health records only by certain individuals. See Open Records Decision No. 565 (1990). We have marked the submitted information that is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Should the department receive another request for this information from a person who would not have a special right of access to it, the department should resubmit this same information and request another decision. See Gov't Code §§ 552.301, .302.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See Gov't Code § 552.305(d); Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (statutory predecessor to Gov't Code § 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception to disclosure under certain circumstances).

confidential under section 611.002. We note that the requestor may have a statutory right of access to the marked information, and the department must comply with the release provisions of chapter 611, if applicable. See Health & Safety Code §§ 611.004, .0045. Otherwise, the department must withhold the marked information under section 552.101 of the Government Code. The rest of the requested information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. Id. § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. Id. § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. Id. § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Mmes W. Morris, III Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

JWM/sdk

Ref: ID# 193344

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Stephen A. Peyton 818 West 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite C Austin, Texas 78701 (w/o enclosures)

> Mr. Thomas J. Quirk United Healthcare Insurance Company 5800 Granite Parkway, Suite 900 Plano, Texas 75024 (w/o enclosures)

> Mr. Ronald Brian Colby
> United Healthcare Insurance Company
> 450 Columbus Boulevard
> Hartford, Connecticut 06115
> (w/o enclosures)